





Swine ileitis: the forbidden disease that caused of huge economic loss

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Before ASF Era: LI circulation problem in swine herds



After ASF Era: Ileitis or ASF



How do you know your farm have ileitis problem







Growers/Finishers: Ileitis, Swine dysentery, Salmonellosis, PMWS, Gastric ulcer

Proliferative enteropathy (PE)

It is caused by Lawsonia intracellulari.

- Three forms of clinical signs in pigs
 - Proliferative hemorrhagic enteropathy (PHE)
 - Acute form
 - Bloody diarrhea
 - Sudden death in adult pigs
 - Porcine intestinal adenomatosis (PIA)
 - Chronic form: Usually found in younger pigs
 - Chronic diarrhea
 - Abnormal proliferation of small intestine dr
 - Subclinical ileitis
 - Slow growth
 - No sign of diarrhea or not detectable
 - Gross lesions: not easily to recognize

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Proliferative enteropathy (PE)



Treatment and control of PE

- Antimicrobials therapy- Clear bacteria inside pigs
 - Feed antimicrobials
 - Water antimicrobials
 - Injectable antimicrobials
- Vaccinations-modified live/killed vaccine-active antibody
- Gut homogenate/ pure culture inoculum+antimicrobials

Conducted antemortem diagnostic: qPCR or serology tests

- Nutrition management: passive egg antibodies/ Pre, Pro, Postbiotics, immune stimulant feed supplements- improved gut health, reduced bacterial shedding and lesion
- Biosecurity and Disinfections- Clear bacteria in the environment



Control ileitis with Antimicrobials

Control ileitis with Antimicrobials

Early treatment, no immune responded, reinfection occurs

Balance infected animals, immune response developed, less proportion of reinfection

Too late treatment, animal suffer from clinical signs, less proportion of reinfection

- Rapid action, using during an outbreak
- Select right antimicrbials at the right time
- Antimicrbials changed dynamic of infection
- Each strain of Li have their own antimicribial susceptible pattern

Frequency of weight out of finisher pigs before and after control ileitis with tylosin

• Improved growth performances, ADG FCR

Frequency of weight out of finisher pigs before and after control ileitis with tylosin

Reduced light weight pigs 39.25%

• Improved growth performances, ADG FCR

Control ileitis with gut homogenate/Li pure culture+ antimicrobials

- Gut-homogenate can contain other pathogens that the selected antimicrobials can not elieminated
- After ASF era, gut homgenate inoculum will have high risk for ASF outbreak
- Li pure culture still virulence, it needs susceptible antimicrobials control bacterial propagation

Control ileitis with gut homogenate/Li pure culture+ antimicrobials

Control ileitis with gut homogenate/Li pure culture+ antimicrobials

• Only one live attenuated and only one killed vaccine commercially available

• Live-attenuated vaccine:

- Stimulate both humoral and cellular immune responses
- Only one time orally vaccinated long-lasting protection against

the disease

- Protection against PPE-reduce weight loss, fecal shedding, Science-driven solutions[®] mortality, and clinical signs
- Recommended at least 3 weeks before natural infection
- Required antibiotic free during vaccination, 5 days before and 7

days after vaccinated

Inactivated vaccine

• Stimulate mainly humoral immune response,

- Require 1-2 time vaccinations to achieve and maintain immunity
- Reduced clinical signs, and improved production performances \circ The vaccine can be used in the present of antibiotic
 - o Recommend vaccinated at least 3 weeks before natural

infection

Vaccination program for ileitis vaccines in pigs

foodborne diseases associated with Salmonella

Leite et al.,¹2017

Bacillus pumilus reduce shedding of L. intracellularis

- Feeding with *Bacillus pumilus* (T03-LAW): ↑ microbiota diversity, highest richness
- **T03-LAW**: \downarrow levels of shedding of *L. intracellularis*
- \uparrow diversity of ileal microbiota $\rightarrow \downarrow$ shedding (2.8 log)

B-glucans against *Lawsonia intracellularis*

A Bacterial concentration Bacterial concentration (log₁₀ CFU/g of feces) DB1 D31 D31

Supplementation in yeast BG increases the average body weight (BW) of fattening pigs

The shedding of *L. intracellularis* is reduced in the group of yeast BG-fed pigs.

- ✓ Immunomodulatory effects: Stimulate the innate immune system,
 - enhancing the activity of immune cells
- ✓ Reduced disease severity: milder symptoms and reduced tissue

damage associated with L. intracellularis

- ✓ Enhanced gut health: Promote the growth of beneficial gut microbiota that is less conducive to *L. intracellularis* colonization and proliferation
- ✓ Potential productivity benefits:
 ○ Maintain optimal growth performance and feed efficiency in

finishing pigs

 \circ Improve productivity outcomes

Rhayat et al., 2023

Control ileitis with biosecurity and disinfections

The effectiveness of 7 disinfectants against PHE/MN1-00 at CaCO₃ 400 ppm (A) and 1000 ppm (B) (Wattanaphansak et al, 2010) 21

Control ileitis with biosecurity and disinfections

Scanning electron micrograph of LI after exposure to disinfectant for 10 min

Control with antimicrobials Vs vaccines

- Applied antemortem tests to identify time of infection
 - To select the best time for using antimicrobials
 - Making decision on which antimicrobials will be used (available in each region, cost, dosages)
 - Goal: pig developed natural immunity after antimicrobials removal
 - Continuous using of antimicrobials, natural ce-driven solutions
 Main antimicrobials, natural ce-driven solutions
 Aware antimicrobials
 Aware antimicrobials
 Aware antimicrobials
 Aware antimicrobials
- Use of antimicrobials changes the dynamics of infection

- Applied antemortem tests to identify time of infection
 - To select the best time for using the vaccine
 - Making decision on which vaccine will be used
 - Goal: pig developed 100% herd immunity after
 - vaccination, IgA, IgG- no reinfection occurs
 - Aware antimicrobials and chlorine used during MLV

vaccination but killed vaccine can be used with

antimicrobials

14 days save feeding cost (14x10.3CNY/day=144.2CNY/pig x 100,000 pigs/month = 14,420,000 CNY/month

How much you can save ???

